





Faculty of Geosciences River and delta morphodynamics

Responses of mangrove forests to sea-level rise and human interventions: a bio-morphodynamic modelling study



Life stages of mangrove forests





















Sedimentation in mangrove forests













Complex root systems of mangrove forests













Mortality of mangrove forests



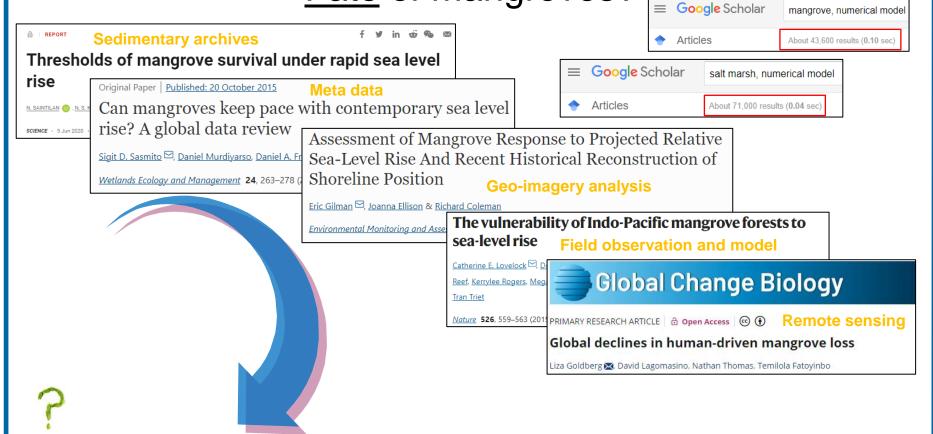








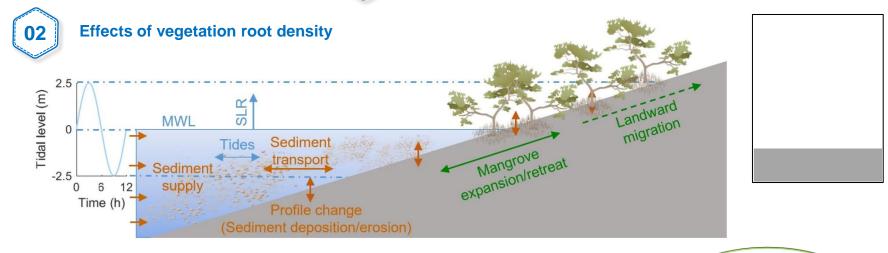
Fate of mangroves?



How do mangroves respond to accelerating sea-level rise and human interventions?

Bio-morphodynamic model development





03

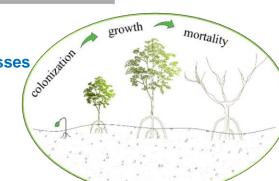
Tides, waves & sea-level rise

05

Dynamic vegetation processes

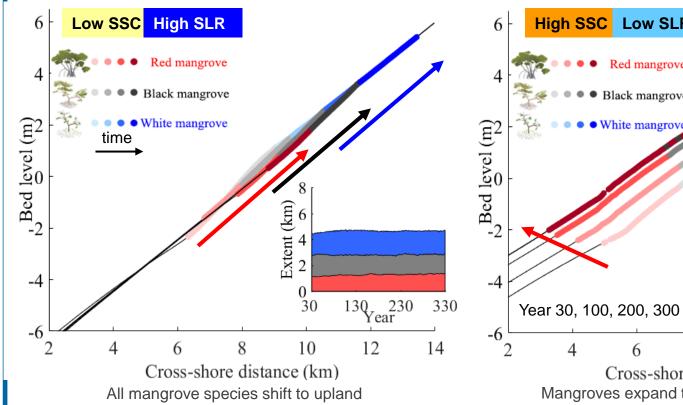


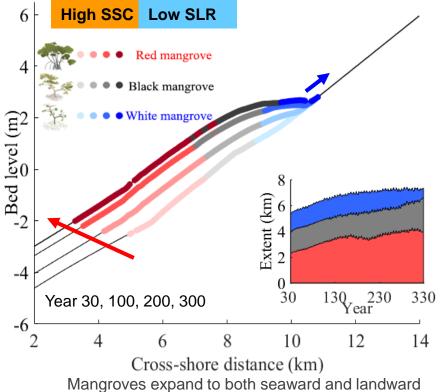
Comprehensive treatment of sediment process



Impacts of sediment supply concentration and sea-level rise

Tidal range = 5 m (M2)

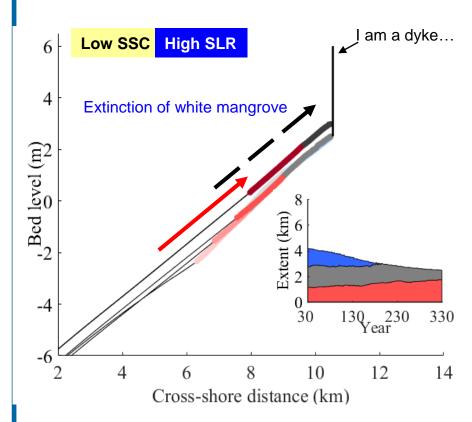




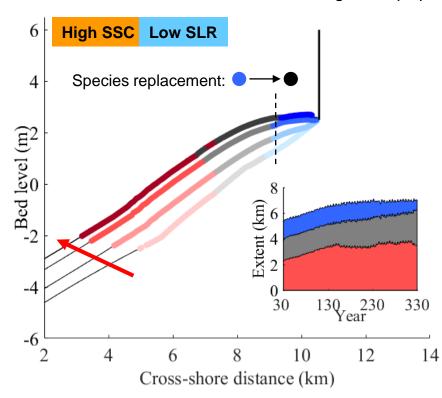
* SSC= Sediment supply concentration; SLR=sea-level rise

Impacts of human barriers

Tidal range = 5 m (M2)



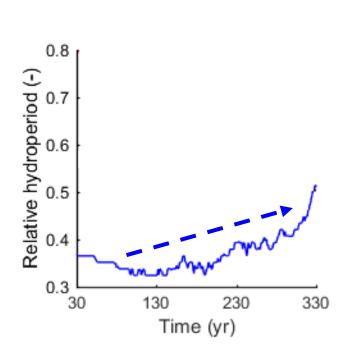
All mangrove species shift to upland, extinction happens



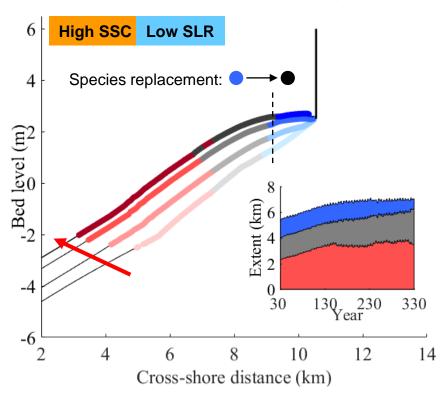
Mangroves expand to seaward but blocked on upland

Impacts of human barriers



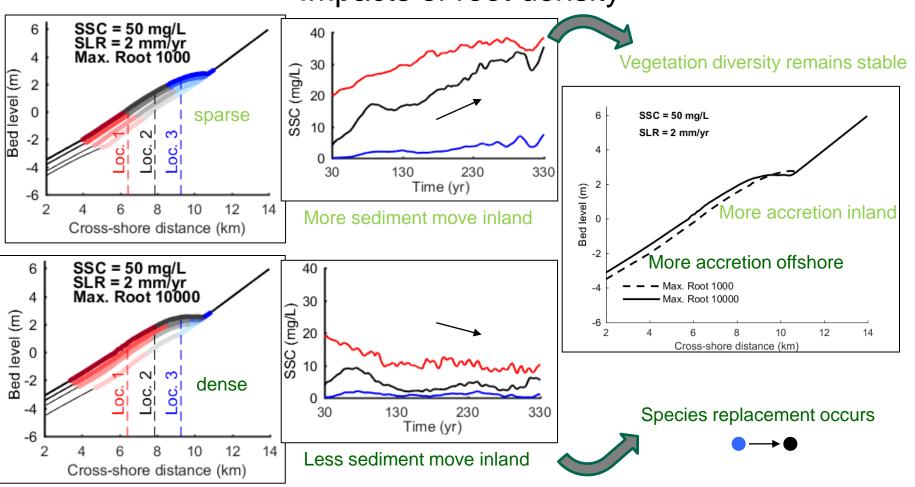


Inundation period increases → species replacement

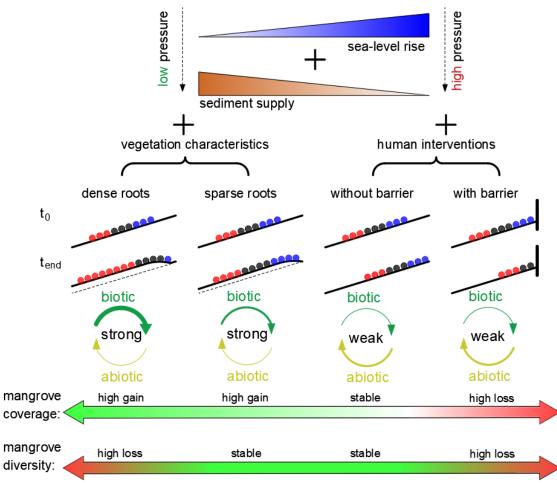


Mangroves expand to seaward but blocked on upland

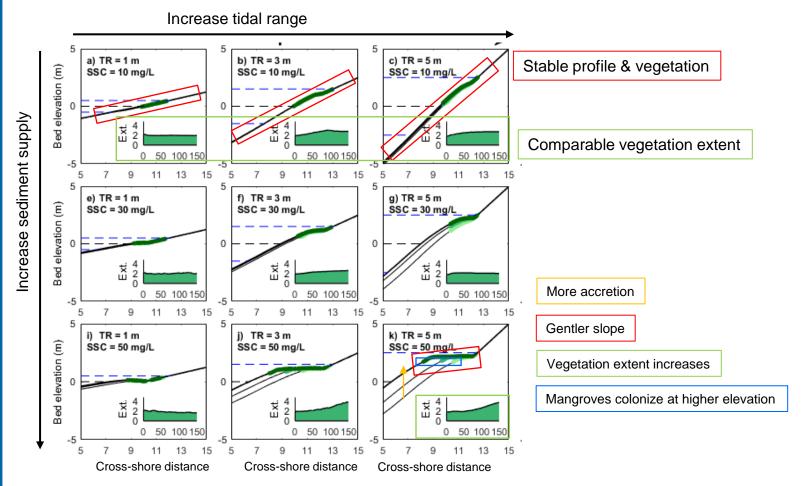
Impacts of root density



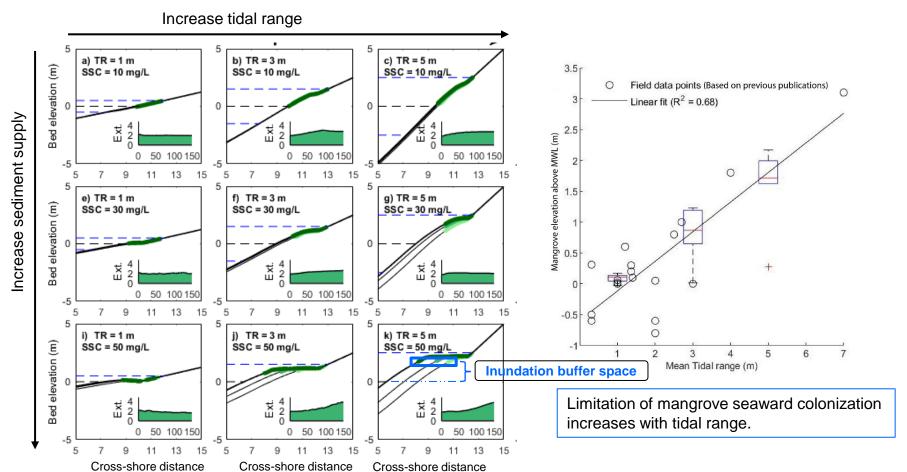
Responses of mangroves to SLR



Impacts of varying environmental conditions: without SLR



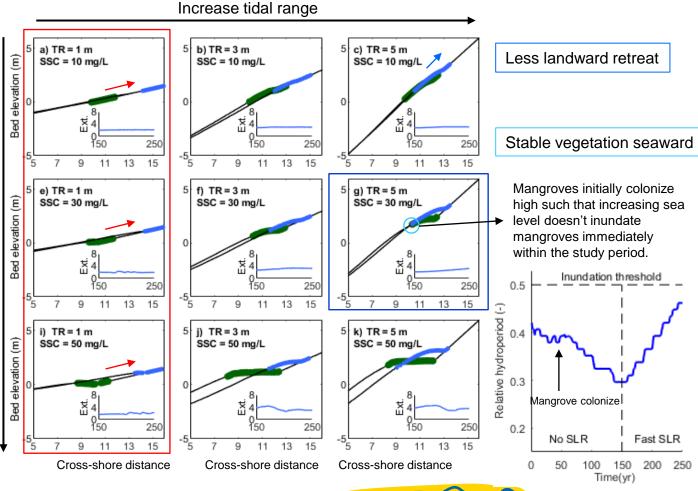
Impacts of varying environmental conditions: without SLR



Impacts of varying environmental conditions: with SLR

- Before SLR (year 150)
- After SLR (year 250)

Mangrove development: SLR dependent



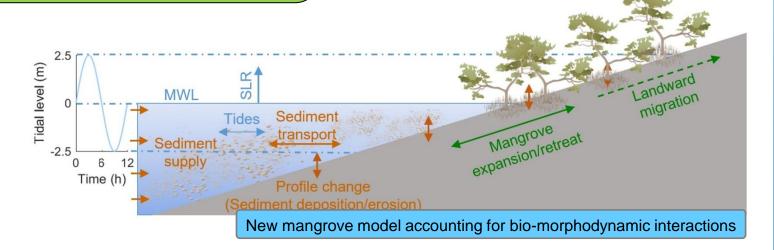
sediment supply

Increase

Key messages

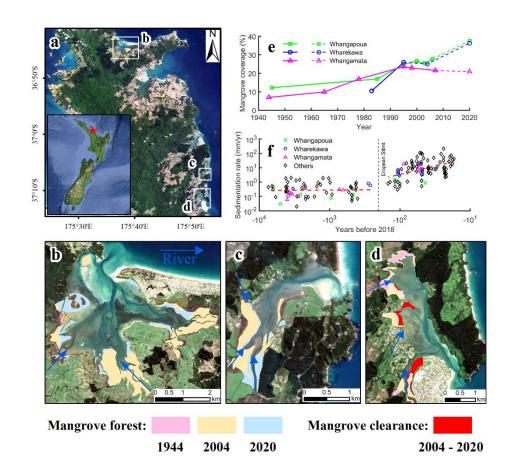
Different mangrove responses due to physical settings:

- 1- Similar mangroves extent among different tidal ranges
- 2- Stable mangrove seaward edge with SLR
- 3- Mirco-tidal system exhibited highest vulnerability



Xie et al., 2020 - Mangrove diversity loss under sea-level rise triggered by bio-morphodynamic feedbacks and anthropogenic pressures, *Environmental Research Letters*, 15(11), 114033.

Xie et al., (2022) - Implications of Coastal Conditions and Sea-Level Rise on Mangrove Vulnerability: a Bio-morphodynamic Modelling Study, *Journal of Geophysical Research: Earth Surface*, 127(3), e2021JF006301.



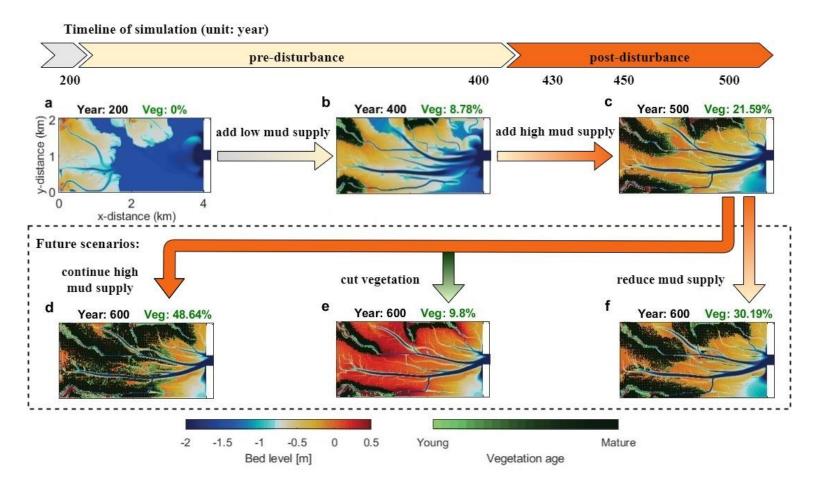


Mangrove expansion with increasing muddy sediment input

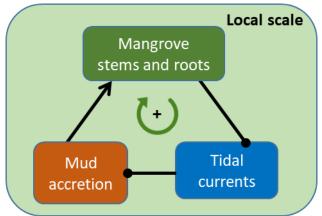


Mangrove clearance in New Zealand: mechanical clearance

Is cutting off mangroves an effect way?

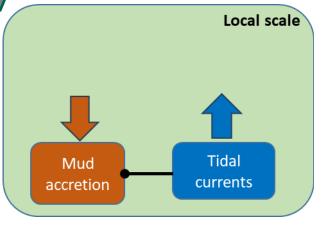


Local scale bio-morphodynamic feedbacks:



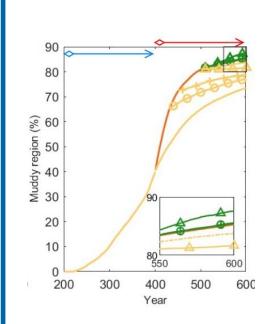


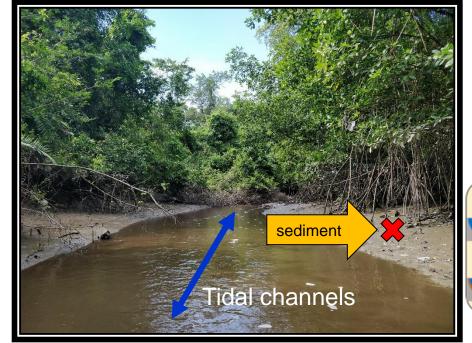


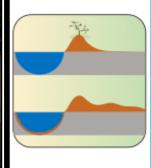


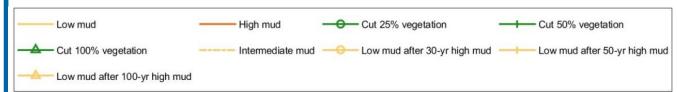
Muddy region reduces

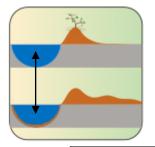




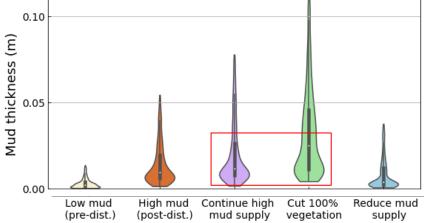




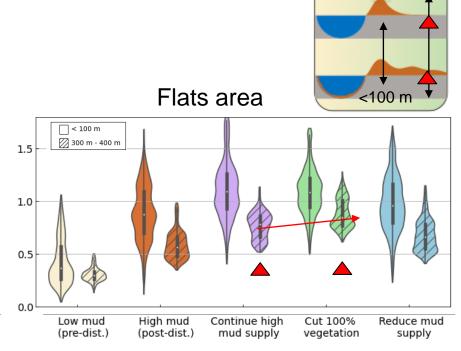




Channelized area



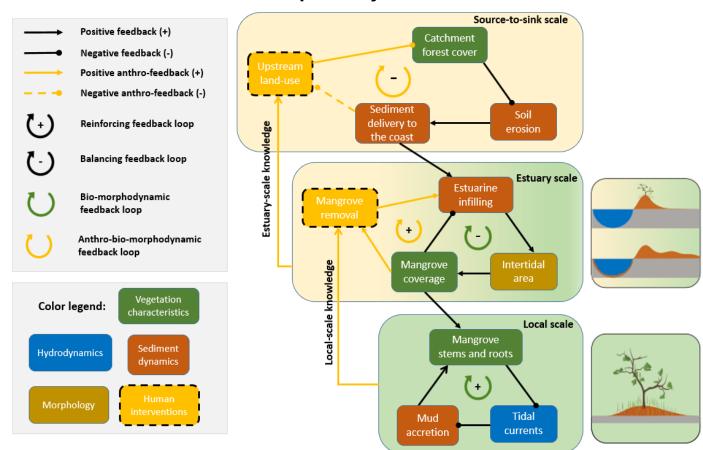
More Mud in the channels



Mud redistributes further away from the channels

300-400 m

Anthro-bio-morphodynamic feedbacks



Stop cutting off mangroves, but please manage the upstream land use

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Get the code here





